UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Texas

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.)						
Plaintiff v. 3S-SMART SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, GMBH Defendant) Civil Action No. 2:15 CV 01543-JRG-RSP))						
·	JMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS						
	OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: OPC Foundation, 16101 N. 82nd	OPC Foundation, 16101 N. 82nd Street, Suite 3B, Scottsdale, AZ 85260-1868						
(Name of person	to whom this subpoena is directed)						
documents, electronically stored information, or objects, material: See Attachment A	oduce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the						
Place: Scottsdale Marriott at McDowell Mountains	Date and Time:						
Place: Scottsdale Marriott at McDowell Mountains 16770 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85260 or ann.fort@sutherland.co	08/24/2016 9:00 am						
16770 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85260 or ann.fort@sutherland.co ☐ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAN other property possessed or controlled by you at the time	DED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or						
16770 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85260 or ann.fort@sutherland.co ☐ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAN other property possessed or controlled by you at the time may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample Place: The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 a	DED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or e, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party le the property or any designated object or operation on it. Date and Time: The attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; et to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to						
16770 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85260 or ann.fort@sutherland.co ☐ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAN other property possessed or controlled by you at the time may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample Place: The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 a Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject.	DED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or e, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party le the property or any designated object or operation on it. Date and Time: The attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; et to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to						
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 a Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences	DED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or e, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party le the property or any designated object or operation on it. Date and Time: The attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; et to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to of not doing so.						
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 a Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences. □ 1nspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAN other property possessed or controlled by you at the time may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample Place: □ The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 a Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences. □ 09/06/2016	DED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or e, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party le the property or any designated object or operation on it. Date and Time: The attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; et to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to						

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

AO 88A (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 2:15 CV 01543-JRG-RSP

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

	·	name of individual and title, if a	ny)		
☐ I served t	the subpoena by	delivering a copy to the na	med individual as follow	/s:	
			on (date)	; or	
☐ I returned	d the subpoena u	nexecuted because:			
tendered to		ned on behalf of the United ses for one day's attendance		AT63	
y fees are \$		for travel and \$	for services, fo	or a total of \$	0.00
I declare und	der penalty of pe	rjury that this information	is true.		
ite:			Server's signal	ture	
			Printed name an	d title	
		7.7	Server's addr	055	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

ATTACHMENT A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.,	§	
Plaintiff,	§ §	
v.	§ §	Civil Action No. 2:15-cv-01543
3S-SMART SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, GMBH,	§ §	
Defendant.	§ §	
	§	

DEFENDANT 3S-SMART SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS, GMBH'S REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS AND THINGS TO NON-PARTY OPC FOUNDATION

Pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, defendant 3S-Smart Software Solutions, GmbH ("Defendant" or "3S") requests that OPC Foundation (the "Organization" or "OPC") electronically produce for inspection and copying the documents set forth below at the time and location specified in the subpoena, or at a place and time agreed upon between counsel.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions and instructions are applicable to and incorporated by reference in each Interrogatory.

1. The terms "Organization," "OPC," "you," and "your" refer to the OPC Foundation, as well as other persons or entities directly or indirectly subject to OPC's control.

- 2. The terms "Plaintiff" and "Rockwell," shall mean and refer to Plaintiff Rockwell Automation, Inc. and any parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and agents, expressly including Allen-Bradley Company, Inc.; Allen Bradley Company, Inc.; Rockwell Technologies, LLC; Rockwell Software, Inc.; and Rockwell Automation Technologies, Inc.
 - 3. The "'409 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,619,409.
 - 4. The "124 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,636,124.
 - 5. The "133 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,812,133.
 - 6. The "711 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,818,711.
 - 7. The "795 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,844,795.
 - 8. The "149 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,845,149.
 - 9. The "293 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 5,940,293.
 - 10. The "174 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,138,174.
 - 11. The "168 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,247,168.
 - 12. The "226 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,675,226.
 - 13. The "817 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,816,817.
 - 14. The "225 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,978,225.
 - 15. The "'704 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,130,704.
 - 16. The "'366 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,143,366.
 - 17. The "585 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,693,585.
 - 18. The "567 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,716,567.
 - 19. The "122 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,836,122.
 - 20. The "960 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 6,819,960.
 - 21. The "'771 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,092,771.

- 22. The "196 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 7,650,196.
- 23. The "800 Patent" means U.S. Patent No. 8,799,800.
- 24. "Asserted Patents" shall mean collectively, the '409 Patent, the '124 Patent, the '133 Patent, the '711 Patent, the '795 Patent, the '149 Patent, the '293 Patent, the '174 Patent, the '168 Patent, the '226 Patent, the '817 Patent, the '225 Patent, the '704 Patent, the '366 Patent, the '585 Patent, the '567 Patent, the '122 Patent, the '960 Patent, the '771 Patent, the '196 Patent, and the '800 Patent.
- 25. The term "Lawsuits" means the above-captioned action, *Rockwell Automation*, *Inc. v. 3S-Smart Software Solutions GmbH*, Case No. 2:15-cv-1543 (E.D. Tex.) and also *Rockwell Automation, Inc. v. 3S-Smart Software Solutions GmbH*, Case No. 2:16-cv-869 (E.D. Tex.).
- 26. "Documents" shall have the broadest possible meaning afforded under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 27. "Relate" means, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, referring to, relating to, connected with, commenting on, responding to, showing, describing, analyzing, reflecting, evidencing, or constituting.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. The request for production of documents is continuing, and you are requested to supplement by promptly producing for inspection and copying any requested document that comes into your possession or subject to your custody or control subsequent to the date of this Request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

All communications from the OPC Foundation to Rockwell and pertaining to the OPC Foundation's findings regarding the Asserted Patents.